

Annex IV

Template periodic disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Product name: Danske Invest SICAV Denmark Focus

Legal entity identifier: 549300XWJ5OKA3UNM348

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Did this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?



Yes



No



It made sustainable investments with an environmental objective: %



in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy



in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy



It made sustainable investments with a social objective: %



It promoted Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it did not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it had a proportion of 59% of sustainable investments

- ☒ with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy
- ☒ with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy
- ☒ with a social objective



It promoted E/S characteristics, but did not make any sustainable investments

Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The EU Taxonomy is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.



To what extent were the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by this financial product met?

The fund promoted:

1. The UN Sustainable Development Goals (the “SDGs”) by partially investing in sustainable investments contributing to the goals.
2. Adherence to the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights, conventions adopted by the International Labour Organization (ILO) and other international minimum safeguards as well as good governance principles through an enhanced sustainability standards screening.
3. Certain minimum environmental safeguards through exclusions.
4. Certain minimum ethical and social safeguards through exclusions.

The fund was subject to the Active Ownership Policy of Danske Invest Management A/S with an obligation to exercise active ownership in line with the principles of the policy and underlying guidelines. The fund considered

the principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors as disclosed in this report.

The fund did not apply a reference benchmark for the attainment of its environmental and/or social characteristics.

How did the sustainability indicators perform?

The graphs below demonstrate the performance of the sustainability indicators measured in relation to the environmental and/or social characteristics of the fund. The indicators are reported as an annual average value.

The sustainability indicators are not subject to an assurance provided by an auditor or other review by a third party.

For additional information, please refer to the "SFDR Reading Guide" in this report and the document "Sustainability-related disclosure", which is available under the heading "Sustainability-related disclosures for our funds" at:

https://www.danskeinvest.lu/page/responsible_investments_insight

Sustainable investments

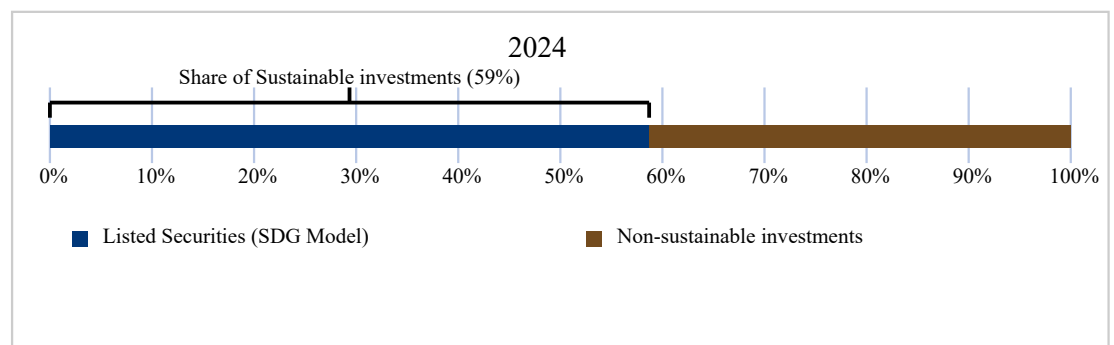
Indicator: The weighted share of investments in the fund contributing to the UN SDGs and deemed to be sustainable investments on the basis of:

- Danske Bank's SDG Model, which measures a company's positive contribution to the SDGs on the basis of the issuer's revenue from activities contributing positively to one or more SDGs (the model applies to equity shares, credit bonds and similar listed securities)

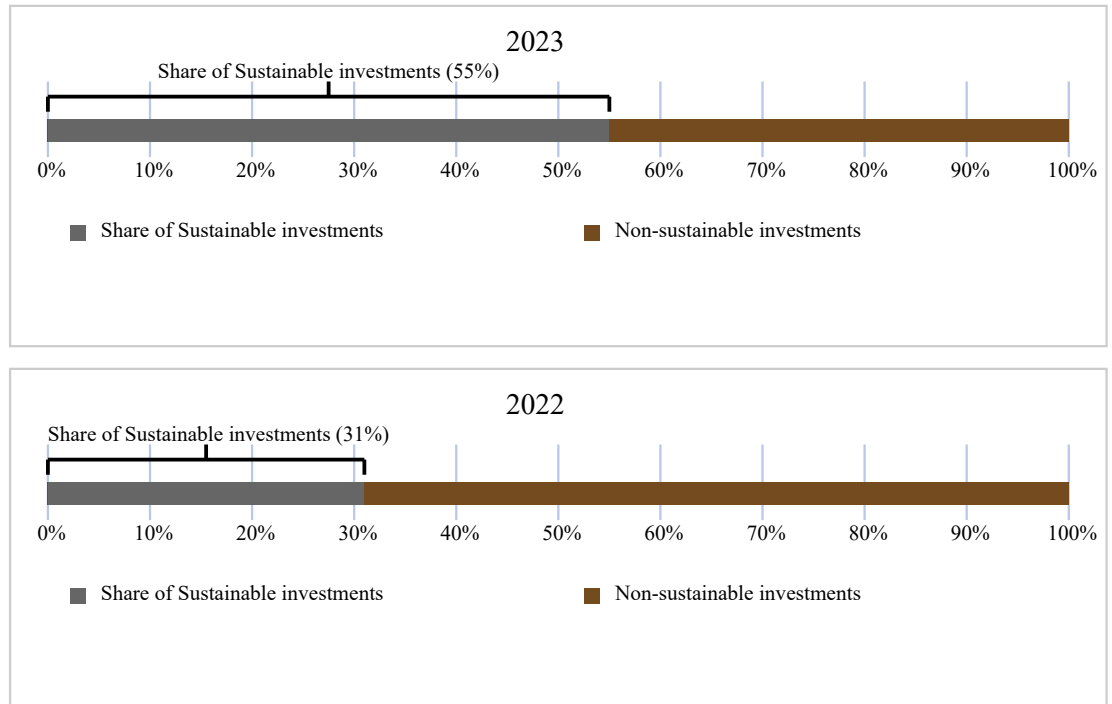
The graph below demonstrates the weighted share of the fund's allocated sustainable investments. Investments of the fund that do not qualify as sustainable investments are marked "non-sustainable".

For information on the weighted measured contributions of the sustainable investments to each of the SDGs, see "What were the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made and how did the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?".

Binding element: The fund is committed to investing a minimum of 15% of its total investments in sustainable investments.



Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.



Exclusions

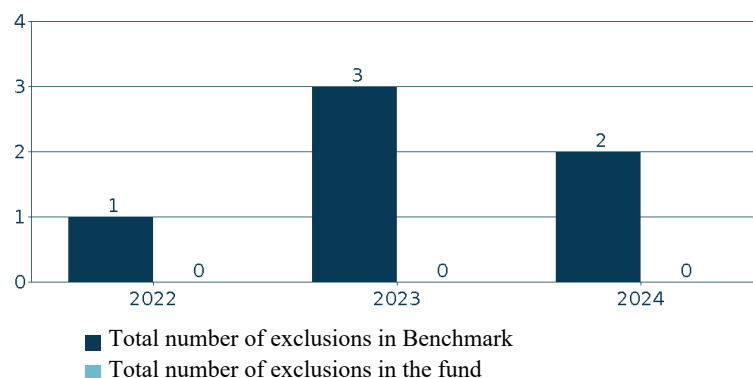
Indicator: The number of excluded investments in the fund's portfolio and the number of issuers on the exclusion list as a result of the exclusion criteria.

The selected indicators demonstrate whether the fund has adhered to its commitment to not invest in issuers subject to the exclusions applied, but they do not provide an indication of the impact the exclusion has had on the fund. The number of exclusions shown in the table and chart below are based on the aggregate number of exclusions on the exclusion list for the applicable exclusion categories at the end of the reference period. An issuer may be counted excluded in more than one exclusion category, meaning that the total number of exclusions in the chart is not necessarily representative to the total number of excluded issuers in the fund or benchmark. To the extent a reference benchmark exists, the number of excluded investments in the benchmark is shown. The benchmark is considered to be representative of the fund's investment universe in this respect.

Binding element: The fund excludes investments that are captured by its exclusion criteria.

Exclusion	Issuers on Danske Bank's exclusion list	Excluded issuers in BM (number)	Weight of BM excluded	Total number of excluded companies in portfolio
Thermal coal	372	0	0.0%	0
Controversial weapons	64	0	0.0%	0
Good governance (Enhanced Sustainability Standards)	28	0	0.0%	0
Incident & Event Based Breaches (Enhanced Sustainability Standards)	492	0	0.0%	0
Peat-fired power generation	0	0	0.0%	0
Pornography	11	0	0.0%	0
Restricted Countries (Enhanced sustainability Standards)	27	0	0.0%	0

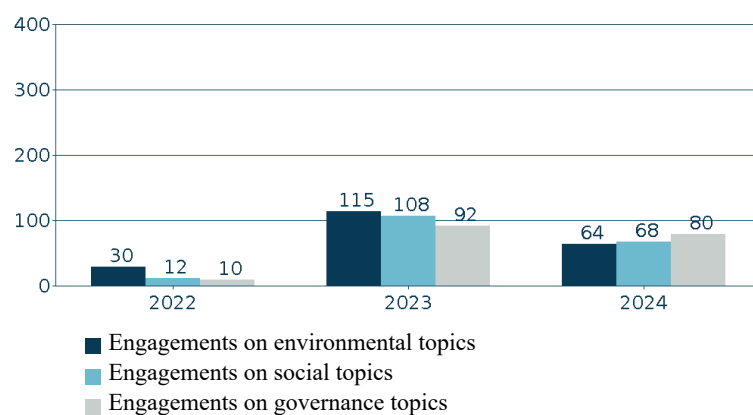
Statens pensjonsfond utland	177	1	0.4%	0
Tar sands	53	0	0.0%	0
Tobacco	120	1	0.4%	0



Active ownership

Indicator: Number of engagement activities applied to issuers in the fund's portfolio. The graph below illustrates engagement activities registered by Danske Bank or delegated managers of issuers in the fund's portfolio. Engagements registered did not necessarily take place as part of the direct management of the fund.

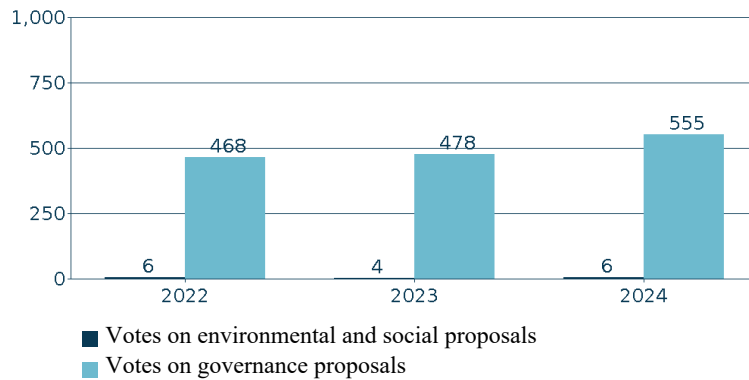
Binding element: The fund is committed to ensuring engagement with issuers in the fund's portfolio in accordance with the Active Ownership Policy of Danske Invest Management A/S.



Voting

Indicator: Number of voted proposals.

Binding element: The fund commits to voting on proposals concerning environmental and/or social matters in accordance with the Active Ownership Policy.



...and compared to previous periods?

The charts above provide as relevant historical comparisons against previous reporting periods.

What were the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made and how did the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

The objective of the sustainable investments of the fund is to contribute to one or more of the UN SDGs. The UN SDGs consist of 17 goals including underlying targets that contribute to social and environmental objectives. The individual SDGs are: SDG 1: No Poverty; SDG 2: Zero Hunger; SDG 3: Good Health and Well-being; SDG 4: Quality Education; SDG 5: Gender Equality; SDG 6: Clean Water and Sanitation; SDG 7: Affordable and Clean Energy; SDG 8: Decent Work and Economic Growth; SDG 9: Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure; SDG 10: Reduced Inequalities; SDG 11: Sustainable Cities and Communities; SDG 12: Responsible Consumption and Production; SDG 13: Climate Action; SDG 14: Life Below Water; SDG 15: Life On Land; SDG 16: Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions; and SDG 17: Partnerships for the Goals.

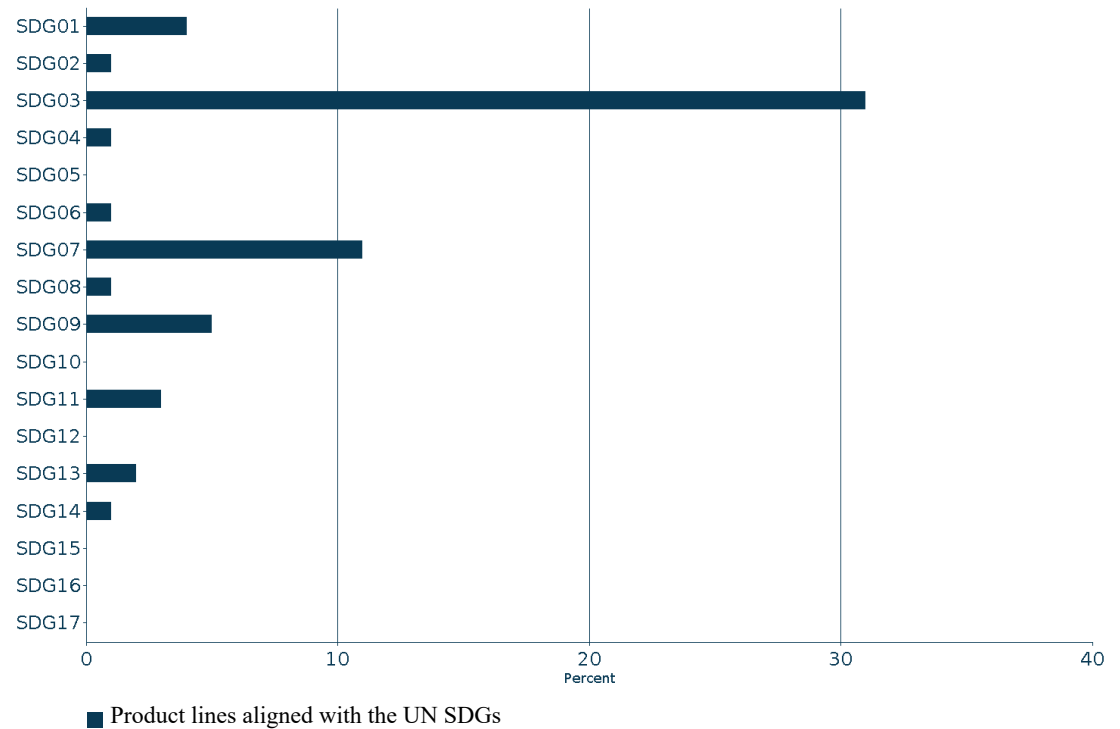
The fund's sustainable investments contributed to these objectives through investments in:

- issuers generating 50% or more of their revenue from products and services ("product lines") identified as contributing to one or more SDGs according to Danske Bank's SDG Model. An issuer may also meet the criteria for a sustainable investment if its activities predominantly contribute to environmental objectives that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. However, the fund is under no obligation to make such investments. The SDG Model was updated in 2024. The measured contributions of the issuers to the individual SDGs are reported in the graph below (see "Product lines aligned with the UN SDGs").

The fund also invested in activities substantially contributing to one or more of the environmental objectives of the EU Taxonomy (see "To what extent were the sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?"). The reported share of economic activities aligned with the EU Taxonomy of 7% as based on revenue can be attributed with 4.3% on activities in support of the climate change mitigation objective; 0.0% on activities in support of the climate change adaptation objective; 0.0% on activities in support of sustainable use and protection of water and marine resources, 0.0% activities in support of pollution prevention and control; and 0.0% on activities in support of protection and restoration of biodiversity and ecosystems. For some of the companies' reported taxonomy-aligned activities, there is no data on which of the environmental objectives the activities of these investments contribute to.

Breakdown of the sustainable investments' contributions to the UN SDGs

This graph demonstrates a breakdown of how the sustainable investments of the fund contributed to the UN SDGs as based on the SDG Classification developed by Danske Bank. The breakdown is based on the contribution as measured by end-of-year. In that the approach applied for the breakdown is not equivalent to reporting on sustainability-related indicators (see "To what extent were the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by this financial product met?") which is based on average values for the year.



How did the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

The fund's exclusions limited the fund from investing in issuers that cause significant harm to social and environmental objectives. The fund's methodology for sustainable investments also incorporated additional constraints, including by integrating indicators for the principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors as well as social minimum safeguards (see "How were the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors taken into account?" and "Were sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights?").

For the 'do no significant harm' assessments of Taxonomy-aligned activities, the fund has leveraged data from issuers reporting their taxonomy-alignment in accordance with the screening criteria set out in the EU Taxonomy Regulation.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anti-corruption and anti-bribery matters.

How were the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors taken into account?

Do no significant harm considerations for the fund's sustainable investments were supplemented with thresholds on principal adverse impact indicators for investee companies relating to greenhouse gas emissions, sector exposure to fossil fuels, consumption and production of non-renewable energy sources, energy consumption intensity, investments in companies with no carbon emission reduction initiatives, activities adversely impacting biodiversity-sensitive areas, emissions to water, hazardous waste and radioactive waste, as well as social and employee matters. Even if an investment positively contributed to an environmental or social objective and was generally permitted according to the fund's exclusion criteria, the investment still had to comply with current PAI-indicator thresholds to be considered a sustainable investment. The thresholds are defined on the basis of assessments of when an exposure to any of these indicators has such an impact that it should be perceived per se as causing significant harm to environmental or social objectives. This assessment is revised continuously in step with improvements in underlying data and developments in the understanding of 'do no significant harm'. To see the current thresholds, please refer to the sustainability-related disclosures of the fund in the document "Sustainability-related disclosure", available at:

https://www.danskeinvest.lu/page/responsible_investments_insight

under the heading "Sustainability-related disclosures on our funds".

Were sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights?

The sustainable investments of the fund were aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights. These principles were safeguarded through the fund's exclusions based on Danske Bank's enhanced sustainability standards screening.

The EU Taxonomy sets out a 'do no significant harm' principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific Union criteria.

The 'do no significant harm' principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the Union criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the Union criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



How did this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

The fund has measured the principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors on the basis of the principal adverse impact indicators ("PAI indicators") defined in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1288.

The average performance measured for the PAI-indicators considered by the fund is outlined in the table below. The data coverage for the individual indicators varies greatly. For this reason, the measured impacts are supplemented with information on the coverage per indicator. Information on the data sources and calculation principles are available in the "SFDR Reading Guide".

The figures (including data coverage) have been recalculated for prior reference periods to ensure comparability with calculations performed for 2024.

"Coverage" in the table measures data coverage for eligible assets of investee companies or sovereigns. Where data coverage is not 100% for an indicator that is calculated using average weights, the investments with data coverage is applied as a proxy for the remaining investments eligible for that indicator. For illustration, this

implies for a portfolio containing 100% equities in investee companies with 50% data coverage, that the weighted average for the 50% of the portfolio with coverage will be representative for the 100% in relation to that indicator.

For further information on the actions taken in respect of the relevant indicators, please see the outline below the table.

Indicators for investments in investee companies (represents 99% of the total investments)				
Greenhouse gas emissions (GHG)		2024 Impact / Coverage	2023 Impact / Coverage	2022 Impact / Coverage
01	Scope 1 GHG Emissions (tons) Direct emissions from sources that are owned or controlled by the company	1,874 / 99%	1,926 / 99%	4,185 / 100%
02	Scope 2 GHG Emissions (tons) Indirect emissions from the use of purchased energy	75 / 99%	75 / 99%	176 / 100%
03	Scope 3 GHG Emissions (tons) All other indirect emissions that occur across the value chain	71,568 / 99%	9,721 / 99%	49,458 / 100%
04	Total GHG emissions (tons)	73,517 / 99%	11,722 / 99%	53,819 / 100%
05	Carbon footprint (tCO ₂ e / m€ invested)	2,317 / 99%	386 / 99%	664 / 100%
06	GHG intensity of investee companies (tCO ₂ e / m€ of revenue)	3,069 / 99%	651 / 99%	1,456 / 100%
07	Exposure to companies active in the fossil fuel sector (Share of investments)	9% / 99%	9% / 99%	6% / 100%
08	Share of non-renewable energy – Consumption	54% / 78%	52% / 61%	79% / 62%
09	Share of non-renewable energy – Production	<1% / 99%	<1% / 99%	<1% / 100%
10	Energy consumption intensity per high impact sector (GWh per million EUR of revenue)	85%	83%	51%
	Agriculture, forestry and fishing	0	0	0
	Mining and quarrying	0	0	0
	Manufacturing	<1	<1	<1
	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	2	1	3
	Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities	0	0	0
	Construction	<1	<1	<1
	Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	0	0	0
	Transportation and storage	1	1	2
	Real estate activities	0	0	0
11	Investments in companies without carbon emission reduction initiatives aimed at aligning with the Paris Agreement (share of investments)	23% / 99%	23% / 99%	30% / 100%
Biodiversity - Activities negatively affecting biodiversity-sensitive areas				
		2024 Impact / Coverage	2023 Impact / Coverage	2022 Impact / Coverage
12	Share of investments in investee companies with sites/operations located in or near to biodiversity-sensitive areas where activities of those investee companies negatively affect those areas	0% / 99%	0% / 99%	0% / 100%
Water – Emissions to water				
		2024 Impact / Coverage	2023 Impact / Coverage	2022 Impact / Coverage
13	Tonnes of emission to water generated by investee companies per million EUR invested (weighted average)	0 / 0%	0 / 0%	0 / 0%

	Waste – Hazardous waste and radioactive waste ratio	2024 Impact / Coverage	2023 Impact / Coverage	2022 Impact / Coverage
14	Tonnes of hazardous waste and radioactive waste generated by investee companies per million EUR invested (weighted average)	0.35 / 61%	<1 / 53%	<1 / 14%

	Social and employee matters	2024 Impact / Coverage	2023 Impact / Coverage	2022 Impact / Coverage
15	Violations of UN Global Compact principles and Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises (share of investments)	0% / 99%	0% / 99%	0% / 100%
16	Lack of processes and compliance mechanisms to monitor compliance with UN Global Compact principles and OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises (Share of investments without policies to monitor)	2% / 91%	5% / 96%	5% / 99%
17	Unadjusted gender pay gap (average)	6% / 10%	11% / 4%	8% / 9%
18	Board gender diversity (Average ratio of female to male)	40% / 99%	40% / 99%	41% / 100%
19	Exposure to controversial weapons (anti-personnel mines, cluster munitions, chemical weapons and biological weapons) (Share of investments)	0% / 99%	0% / 99%	0% / 100%
20	Insufficient whistleblower protection (Share of investments without policies on the protection of whistleblowers)	0% / 95%	0% / 96%	0% / 85%
21	Lack of human rights policy (Share of investments without a human rights policy)	15% / 95%	30% / 96%	0% / 99%

Actions taken in relation to indicators on investee companies

GHG Emissions

Indicators 1–11 concerning climate-related factors were prioritised through the fund's climate-related exclusions. During the reference period, 372 issuers were on the exclusion list for thermal coal, and 0 were on the list for peat-fired power generation, and 53 on the list for tar sands. 35 engagement activities were logged for issuers in the fund for issues relating to these indicators. The fund applied pre-trade warnings relating to the PAI indicators. If a warning is raised in connection with a purchase of a listed security, it is an indication that the issuer has exceeded thresholds defined for the indicators. If the issuer has not been excluded, such investment may still be made if it is well-founded. The sustainable investments of the fund integrated the thresholds defined for the PAI indicators in the assessment of whether the investment caused significant harm to an environmental objective. See "How did the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?"

Biodiversity

Indicator 12 concerning biodiversity was partly covered by the funds enhanced sustainability standards screening. During the reference period, more than 40 issuers were on the exclusion list due to matters among others associated to biodiversity. 6 engagement activities were logged for issuers in the fund relating to this indicator. The fund applied pre-trade warnings relating to this indicator. The sustainable investments of the fund integrated the thresholds for this PAI indicator in the assessment of whether the investment caused significant harm to an environmental objective. See "How did the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?"

Water and Waste

Indicators 13 and 14 regarding emissions to water and hazardous waste were partially covered by the fund's extended sustainability screening. During the reference period, there were more than 100 issuers on the exclusion list due to conditions related to harmful environmental practices, including in some cases related to emissions to water and hazardous waste. 1 engagement activities were logged for issuers in the fund in this regard. The fund applied pre-trade warnings relating to these indicators. The sustainable investments of the fund integrated the thresholds for these PAI indicators in the assessment of whether the investment caused significant harm to an

environmental objective. See “How did the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?”.

Social and Employee matters

Indicators 15-21 regarding social and employee matters were partially covered by Danske Bank's extended sustainability screening and exclusions for controversial weapons. In the reference period, there were more than 100 issuers on the exclusion list for matters related to these topics, including exclusions due to specific breaches of human rights, good governance, labour rights, etc. The exclusion list for controversial weapons included 64 excluded issuers. 18 engagement activities were logged for issuers in the fund in relation to these issues. The fund applied pre-trade warnings relating to these indicators. The sustainable investments of the fund integrated the thresholds for these PAI indicators in the assessment of whether an issuer caused significant harm to a social objective. See “How did the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?”.

Indicators applicable to sovereigns and supranationals

The fund did not invest in sovereigns or supranationals.



What were the top investments of this financial product?

Largest investments (as calculated on basis of largest investments of the year measured monthly)	ISIN	Sector	% Assets	Country
Danske Bank	DK0010274414	Financials	9.7%	DK
Novo Nordisk B	DK0062498333	Health Care	9.4%	DK
Vestas Wind Systems	DK0061539921	Industrials	8.4%	DK
Ap Moller - Maersk B	DK0010244508	Industrials	6.7%	DK
Dsv	DK0060079531	Industrials	6.2%	DK
Iss	DK0060542181	Industrials	5.4%	DK
Nkt	DK0010287663	Industrials	5.2%	DK
Novonosis (Novozymes) B	DK0060336014	Materials	5.1%	DK
Royal Unibrew	DK0060634707	Consumer Staples	5.1%	DK
Flsmidth & Co.	DK0010234467	Industrials	5.1%	DK
Orsted	DK0060094928	Utilities	4.9%	DK
Alk-Abello B	DK0061802139	Health Care	4.7%	DK
Gn Store Nord	DK0010272632	Health Care	4.5%	DK
Alm Brand	DK0015250344	Financials	4.3%	DK
Coloplast B	DK0060448595	Health Care	4.2%	DK

The list includes the investments constituting the greatest proportion of investments of the financial product during the reference period which is 1 January 2024 - 31 December 2024.



What was the proportion of sustainability-related investments

The “asset allocation” chart shows the extent to which the fund invested in sustainability-related investments, the allocation of investments used for the attainment of environmental and/or social characteristics, as well as other investments.

The fund invested 59% in sustainable investments.

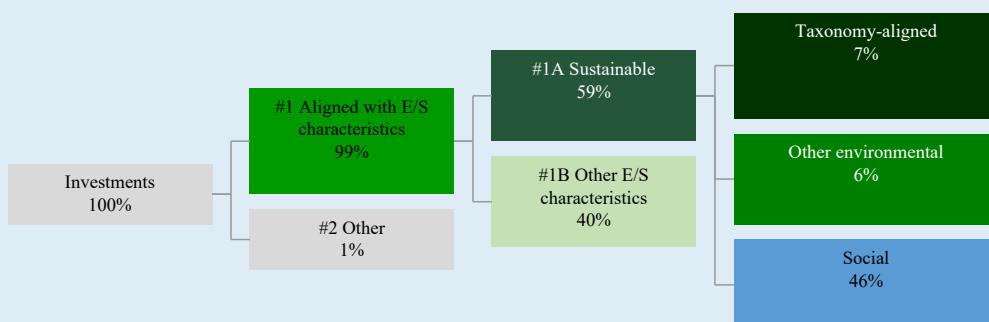
What was the asset allocation?

The fund promoted environmental and/or social characteristics through screening, which provided the foundation for its exclusions, sustainable investments and active ownership activities. The reported proportion of EU Taxonomy-aligned activities is based on revenue figures reported for these activities against the total value.

The fund also made 'Other investments' that were not screened according to the processes used to attain environmental and social characteristics (see 'Which investments were included under "Other", what was their purpose, and were there any environmental or social minimum safeguards').

The “asset allocation” chart demonstrates the proportion of the fund’s investments that were aligned with the fund's environmental and/or social characteristics in the reference period, as well as other investments. For asset allocation in previous reference periods, see the table below the chart.

The share of investments aligned with environmental and/or social characteristics is calculated against the total market value of the fund’s investments.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#2 Other includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category #1 Aligned with E/S characteristics covers:

- The sub-category #1A Sustainable covers sustainable investments with environmental or social objectives.
- The sub-category #1B Other E/S characteristics covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

Asset allocation of the fund compared to previous reference periods	2022 (%)	2023 (%)	2024 (%)
#1 Aligned with E/S Characteristics	99	98	99
#2 Other	1	2	1
#1A Sustainable	31	55	59
#1B Other E/S Characteristics	68	43	40
Taxonomy-aligned	7	10	7
Other environmental	5	6	6
Social	19	39	46

In which economic sectors were the investments made?

The table is based on holdings with data coverage in respect to sector allocation. The share of investments for which such data does not exist is shown in the “No sector data” bar. Weights for cash and derivatives are not reported meaning that the exposure weights do not necessarily add up to 100%.

The table reports separately on the fund’s exposures to issuers in sub-sectors that derive revenues from exploration, mining, extraction, production, processing, storage, refining or distribution, including transportation, storage and trade, of fossil fuels. These sub-sectors are reported through the sub-sector classifications of: Oil & Gas Drilling, Oil & Gas Equipment & Services, Integrated Oil & Gas, Oil & Gas Exploration & Production, Oil & Gas Refining & Marketing, Oil & Gas Storage & Transportation, and Coal & Consumable Fuels.

Sector	Sub-sector	Pct.
Financials	Diversified Banks	13.21%
Health Care	Pharmaceuticals	12.40%
Industrials	Marine Transportation	7.21%
Consumer Staples	Brewers	6.99%
Financials	Property & Casualty Insurance	5.70%
Industrials	Air Freight & Logistics	5.66%
Industrials	Diversified Support Services	5.27%
Industrials	Construction Machinery & Heavy Transportation Equipment	4.64%
Industrials	Construction & Engineering	3.94%
Health Care	Health Care Supplies	3.66%
Health Care	Biotechnology	3.39%
Industrials	Electrical Components & Equipment	3.12%
Industrials	Heavy Electrical Equipment	3.10%
Consumer Discretionary	Other Specialty Retail	3.05%
Materials	Specialty Chemicals	2.54%
Health Care	Health Care Equipment	2.52%
Utilities	Renewable Electricity	2.45%
Consumer Discretionary	Homebuilding	2.36%
Industrials	Industrial Machinery & Supplies & Components	1.92%
Consumer Discretionary	Apparel, Accessories & Luxury Goods	1.77%
Consumer Discretionary	Consumer Electronics	1.70%
Health Care	Health Care Technology	1.02%
Industrials	Trading Companies & Distributors	1.01%
Communication Services	Interactive Media & Services	0.92%
Health Care	Life Sciences Tools & Services	0.45%

Energy	Oil & Gas Storage & Transportation	No investments
Energy	Oil & Gas Refining & Marketing	No investments
Energy	Oil & Gas Exploration & Production	No investments
Energy	Integrated Oil & Gas	No investments
Energy	Oil & Gas Equipment & Services	No investments
Energy	Coal & Consumable Fuels	No investments
Energy	Oil & Gas Drilling	No investments



To what extent were the sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The fund did not invest based on a commitment to invest in accordance with the EU Taxonomy. The fund's measured share of investments aligned with the EU Taxonomy in reference period is reported in the graph below. For the purposes of that calculation, the fund screened for activities aligned with the EU Taxonomy as based on the screening criteria set-out in Article 3 of the EU Taxonomy.

The reported share of economic activities aligned with the EU Taxonomy of 7% as based on revenue can be attributed with 4.3% on activities in support of the climate change mitigation objective; 0.0% on activities in support of the climate change adaptation objective; 0.0% on activities in support sustainable use and protection of water and marine resources, 0.0% activities in support of pollution prevention and control; and 0.0% on activities in support of protection and restoration of biodiversity and ecosystems. For some of the companies' reported taxonomy-aligned activities, there is no data on which of the environmental objectives the activities of these investments contribute to.

The measurement of taxonomy-aligned activities is based on company reported data made available through ISS ESG.

The extent to which the investments meet the screening criteria of the EU Taxonomy requirements is not subject to an assurance provided by an auditor.

Did the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities complying with the EU Taxonomy*?

- ☐ Yes
- ☐ In fossil gas
- ☐ In nuclear energy
- ☒ No

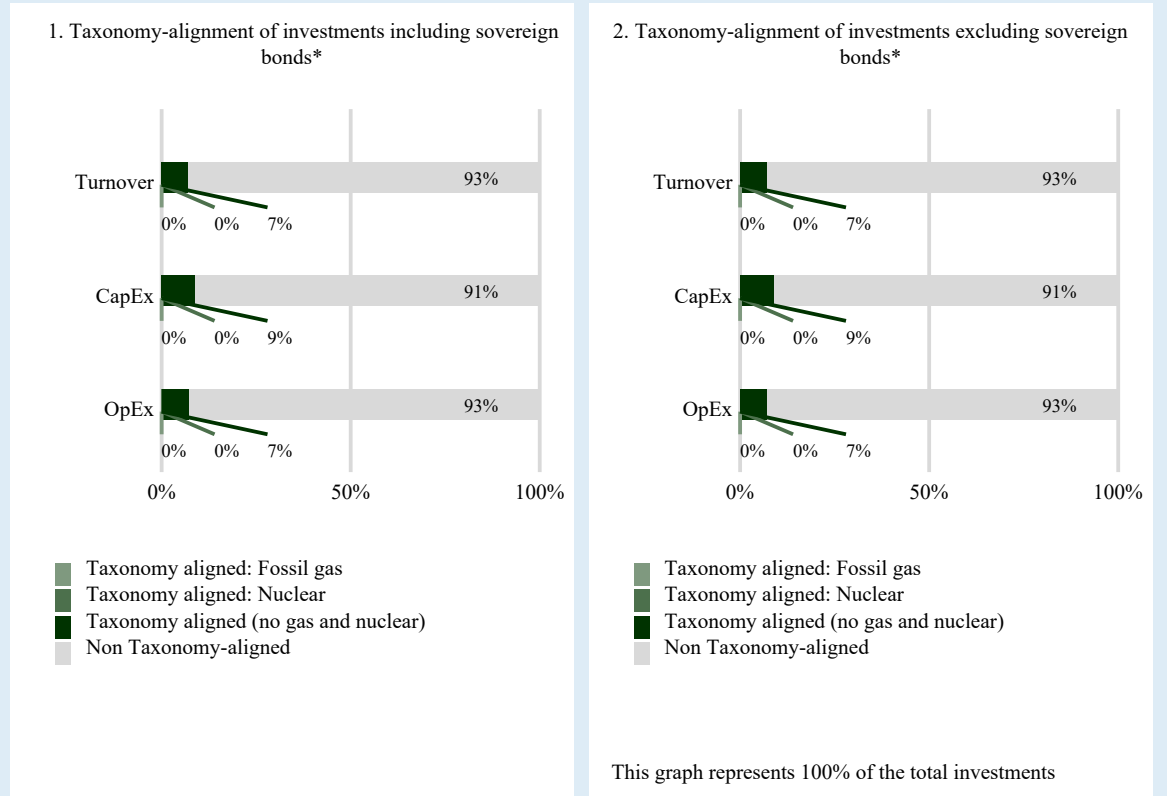
*Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective – see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.

To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional activities are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emissions corresponding to the best performance.

The graph below show in green the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investment of the financial product other that sovereign bonds.



* For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.

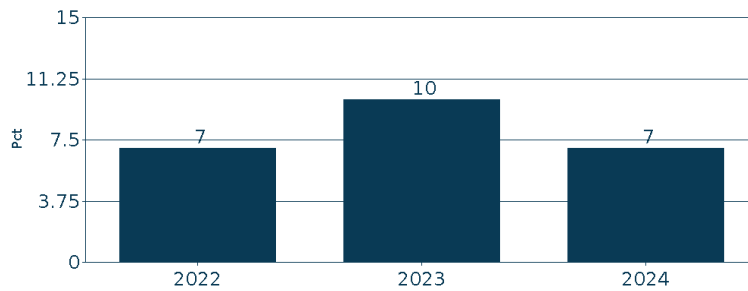
What was the share of investments made in transitional and enabling activities?

Taxonomy alignment	2022 (%)	2023 (%)	2024 (%)
Investments aligned with the EU taxonomy	7	10	7
Investments aligned with the EU taxonomy (enabling activities)	4	7	4
Investments aligned with the EU taxonomy (transitional activities)	0	0	0

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of

- Turnover reflects the 'greenness' of investee companies today.
- Capital expenditure (CapEx) shows the green investments made by investee companies, relevant for a transition to a green economy.
- Operational expenditure (OpEx) reflects the green operational activities of investee companies.

How did the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy compare with previous reference periods?



For the reference year 2022, conservative estimates were used to measure and report the proportion of activities aligned with the EU Taxonomy. This approach differs from following reference years, where alignment with the EU Taxonomy is based solely on company-reported data made available through ISS ESG.

What was the share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective not aligned with the EU Taxonomy was 6 %.

The fund invested in these issuers outside the scope of the EU Taxonomy because investments in environmentally sustainable economic activities are not an active part of the fund's investment strategy. Also, the limited availability of data that allows the fund to determine the Taxonomy alignment of the activities of issuers in the fund's full investment universe remains a challenge.

What was the share of socially sustainable investments?

The share of socially sustainable investments was 46 %.

What investments were included under 'other', what was their purpose and were there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

The fund's #Other investments include investments that did not contribute to the attainment of environmental and/or social characteristics of the fund. Other investments were not subject to minimum environmental and social standards and included cash held as ancillary liquidity and other investments used for hedging or risk management purposes.

What actions have been taken to meet the environmental and/or social characteristics during the reference period?

During the reference period, the fund managed the investment strategy in accordance with the binding elements relating to the attainment of the environmental and/or social characteristics, meaning that issuers were screened against applicable exclusions investments in sustainable investments and, where relevant, active ownership activities.

The fund is monitored to ensure the attainment of the environmental and/or social characteristics.

For investee companies in the portfolio 35 engagements have been registered on climate/GHG related topics, 6 for biodiversity, 1 on hazardous waste and water emissions, and 18 on social and employee matters.



are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under Regulation (EU) 2020/852.





How did this financial product perform compared to the reference benchmark?

Not relevant

Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.